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| **Principality of Galilee** |
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| Principality of Galilee |
| 1099–1187 |
| Flag of GalileeFlag |
| Galilee in 1187Galilee in 1187 |
| Status | Vassal of Kingdom of Jerusalem |
| Capital | Tiberias |
| Common languages | Latin, Old French, Italian (also Arabic and Greek) |
| Religion | Roman Catholicism, Greek Orthodoxy, Syriac Orthodoxy, Islam, Judaism |
| Government | Feudal monarchy |
| Prince |   |
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| • 1099–1101 | Tancred |
| • 1174–1187 | Raymond III |
| Historical era | High Middle Ages |
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| • First Crusade | 1099 |
| • Conquered by Saladin | 1187 |
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| Preceded by | Succeeded by |
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| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/d/d2/Blank.png | Fatimid Caliphate |

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| Ayyubid dynasty |

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| **List of the princes of Galilee** |
| *Italicized names are of titular princes*. |
| Tancred (1099–1101) |
| Hugh of Fauquembergues (1101–1106) |
| Gervaise de Bazoches (1106–1108) |
| Tancred, again (1109–1112) |
| Joscelin I of Courtenay (1112–1119) |
| William I of Bures (1120–1141) |
| Elinand (1142–1148) |
| William II of Bures (1148–1158) |
| Gautier of Saint Omer (1159–1171), first husband of [Eschiva of Bures](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eschiva_of_Bures) |
| Raymond III of Tripoli (1174–1187) with his wife Eschiva of Bures |
| *Hugh II of Saint Omer* (1187–1204) |
| *Raoul of Saint Omer* (1204–1219) |
| [*Eschiva of Saint Omer*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eschiva_of_Saint_Omer) (1219–after 1265) with her husband *Odo of Montbéliard* (1219–1247); 1240–1247 as ruling Princes |
| *Balian d'Ibelin* (?–1316), Prince of Galilee and Bethlehem, son of Philip of Ibelin (died 1304) (?–1316) |
| *Bohemund of Lusignan* (c. 1280) |
| *Guy of Lusignan* (c. 1320–1343), son of Hugh IV of Cyprus |
| *Hugh of Lusignan* (1343–1386), son of Guy of Lusignan |
| *John of Brie* |
| *Henry of Lusignan* (?–1427), son of James I of Cyprus |
| *Philippe of Lusignan* (?–ca 1466), son of Henry of Lusignan |
| **Lordship of Beirut** |
| Beirut was captured in 1110 and given to Fulk of Guînes. It was one of the longest-lived seigneuries, surviving until the final collapse of the kingdom in 1291 (although only as a tiny strip on the Mediterranean coast surrounding the city). Beirut additionally held a role in European trade and even had its own sub-vassals. |
| *Italicized names are of titular lords.* |
| Fulk of Guînes (1110–1117) |
| Peter |
| Walter I Brisebarre (1125?–1166) |
| Andronicus I Comnenus (1166–?) |
| Walter II Brisebarre, 1149–1156 |
| Guy II Brisebarre, 1156–1164 |
| Walter III Brisebarre, 1164–1166 |
| *Beirut occupied by Ayyubids,* 1187–1198 |
| [John of Ibelin](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John_of_Ibelin%2C_the_Old_Lord_of_Beirut) (c. 1200–1236) |
| Balian III d'Ibelin (1236–1247), Lord of Beirut, Constable of Cyprus, Bailiff of Jerusalem; son of John of Ibelin, the Old Lord of Beirut |
| John of Ibelin (1247–1264) |
| Isabella of Ibelin (1264–1282) m1.(or only engaged) Hugh II of Cyprus m2. Hamo LeStrange m3. Nicolas l'Aleman m4. Guillaume Barlais |
| Eschiva of Ibelin (1282–1291, titular 1291–1312) m1. Humphrey of Montfort m2. Guy of Lusignan |
| *Rupen of Montfort* (1312–1313) |
| *Guy of Ibelin* (c. 1330) |
| *John of Lusignan* (1384–?) |
| *John of Lusignan* (?–c. 1456) |
| The sub-vassals of Beirut were the Lordship of Banias and the Lordship of Toron. |
| Sub-vassals of Beirut |
| Lordship of Banias |
| Banias was given to the Franks by the Assassins in 1129. Baldwin gave it to Renier Brus, who also ruled the lordship of Assebebe, which was eventually merged with Banias. Renier's daughter married Humphrey II of Toron, who became lord of Banias around 1148. He sold parts of Banias and Chastel Neuf to the Knights Hospitaller in 1157. Banias was merged with Toron until it fell to Nur ad-Din Zangi in 1164, and when it was recovered it became part of the Seigneury of Joscelin III of Edessa (see below). |
| Renier Brus (1128–1148) |
| Humphrey II of Toron (1148–1164) |
| Joscelin III of Edessa ? |
| **Lordship of Toron** |
| The castle of Toron was built by Hugh of St. Omer, second prince of Galilee, to help capture Tyre. After Hugh's death it was made an independent seigneury, given to Humphrey I in 1107. The lords of Toron tended to be very influential in the kingdom; Humphrey II was constable of Jerusalem. Humphrey IV was married to Isabella of Jerusalem, Amalric I's daughter (Toron passed into the *royal domain* during their marriage, and was then captured by Saladin, but its title was returned to Humphrey IV after their divorce). It was also one of the few to have a straight hereditary succession in male line, at least for some generations. The lords of Toron were also connected to the Lordship of Oultrejordain by the marriage of Humphrey III and the maternal inheritance of Humphrey IV. Toron was later merged with the royal domain of Tyre which went to a branch of Antioch, then their heirs from Montfort. Toron was lost in 1266. |
| Toron had two vassals of its own, the Lordship of Castel Neuf and the Lordship of Toron Ahmud. Chastel Neuf was built by Hugh of St. Omer around 1105 but was later given to the Hospitallers, until it fell to Nur ad-Din in 1167. Toron Ahmud remained in the Lordship of Beirut until John of Ibelin sold it to the Teutonic Knights in 1261. |
| For a fuller account of the lordship and the feudal family, see Toron. |
| **Lordship of Nazareth** |
| Nazareth was the original site of the Latin Patriarch, established by Tancred. It was created as a seigneury in Galilee in 1115. A Martin of Nazareth, who probably acted as viscount of Nazareth, is documented in 1115 and in 1130/1131.[[4]](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Principality_of_Galilee#cite_note-4) |
| **Lordship of Haifa** |
| Haifa was partly an ecclesiastical domain ruled by the Archbishop of Nazareth, and partly created from other lands in the Principality of Galilee. |
| Geldemar Carpenel (1100–1101) |
| Tancred (1101–1103) |
| Rorgius (1103–1107) |
| Pagan (1107–1112) |
| *royal domain (1112–1190*) |
| Vivian (c. 1140s) |
| Pagan (1190–?) |
| Rorgius II (?–1244?) |
| Helvis |
| García Álvarez (c. 1250) |
| John of Valenciennes (1257–1265) |
| Gilles d'Estrain |
| Miles ? |
| Geoffrey |
| Gilles II |



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| **Compiler FLN** |